	Case 3:23-cv-04155-JCS Document 10	Filed C)8/17/23	Page 1 o	f 28
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	ERNEST GALVAN – 196065 KARA J. JANSSEN – 274762 GINGER JACKSON-GLEICH – 324454 ROSEN BIEN GALVAN & GRUNFELD LLP 101 Mission Street, Sixth Floor San Francisco, California 94105-1738 Telephone: (415) 433-6830 Email: mbien@rbgg.com egalvan@rbgg.com kjanssen@rbgg.com gjackson-gleich@rbgg.com	AMAR Md. B D DAN Mass. RIGHT 416 Flo Washin Telepho Email:	Bar No. 6 IS MONT ar No. 21 GARAN Bar No. 7 S BEHIN rida Aver gton, D.C one: (2 or an d(TES [*] 12150205 708195 D BARS nue N.W. #2 2. 20001-05 02) 455-439 en@rightsb	06 99 ehindbars.org sbehindbars.org ndbars.org
12	Attorneys for Plaintiffs				
13	UNITED STATES	DISTRI	CT COU	RT	
14	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFO	RNIA,	SAN FRA	ANCISCO I	DIVISION
15	CALIFORNIA COALITION FOR WOMEN	r	Case No. 3:23-cv-04155		
16	PRISONERS; R.B.; A.H.R.; S.L.; J.L.; J.M.; G.M.; A.S.; and L.T., individuals on behalf of themselves and all others similarly situated,		PLAINTIFFS' NOTICE OF MOTION AND MEMORANDUM		
17	Plaintiffs,		OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES IN SUPPORT OF MOTION FOR		
18	V.				NJUNCTION
19 20 21	 BUREAU OF PRISONS, a governmental entity; BUREAU OF PRISONS DIRECTOR COLETTE PETERS, in her official capacity; FCI DUBLIN WARDEN THAHESHA JUSINO, in her official capacity; OFFICER BELLHOUSE, in his individual capacity; OFFICER GACAD, in his individual capacity; OFFICER JONES, in his individual capacity; OFFICER LEWIS, in his individual capacity; OFFICER NUNLEY, in his individual capacity, OFFICER POOL, in his individual capacity; OFFICER POOL, in his individual capacity; UEUTENANT PUTNAM, in his individual capacity; OFFICER SERRANO, in his individual capacity; 		Date: Time: Crtrm.: Place:		
22 23			Judge:	Hon. Josep	oh Spero
				ta	Nona Sat
24 25			Trial Date: None Set		None Set
26					
27	OFFICED VASOUEZ in her individual conseity				
28					
	[4340102.2] PLAINTIFFS' NOTICE OF MOTION AND MEMORAN		F POINTS		Case No. 3:23-cv-04155 DRITIES IN SUPPORT
	OF MOTION FOR PREL				

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1

NOTICE OF MOTION AND MOTION

2	NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that on October 6, 2023, or as soon thereafter as the matter			
3	may be heard by the above-entitled Court, located at Courtroom D – 15th Floor, 450 Golden Gate			
4	Avenue, San Francisco, CA 94102, Plaintiffs California Coalition for Women Prisoners			
5	("CCWP"), R.B., A.H.R., S.L., J.L., J.M., G.M., A.S., and L.T. (collectively "proposed class			
6	representatives") will and hereby do jointly move the Court for entry of an Order requiring			
7	Defendants to take the following immediate actions, and ask that the Court appoint a Special			
8	Master with sufficient resources and power to monitor and ensure Defendants' compliance:			
9 10	(i) submit to a comprehensive audit, by an outside agency mutually agreed upon by the Parties, of all policies concerning staff sexual abuse, reporting, and retaliation;			
11 12	(ii) after such audit, implement changes to policies as recommended by the outside auditor and in consultation with organizational Plaintiff California Coalition of Women Prisoners (CCWP);			
13 14 15	(iii) submit to quarterly site visits by the outside agency mutually agreed upon by the Parties, and provide public quarterly reports concerning: staff sexual abuse and retaliation, grievances against facility staff, and use of internal punitive measures (including use of solitary confinement, strip searches, cell searches, drug tests, and transfers);			
16 17	(iv) end the use of solitary confinement or punitive segregation at FCI Dublin until such a time that it can be ensured that such confinement will not be used as part of a practice of retaliation against those who experience and report staff sexual abuse;			
18 19	(v) develop a substantive process for the return of non-contraband items seized from individuals' cells during searches;			
20 21	(vi) develop and institute policies and procedures to provide high-quality offsite medical and mental health care for all members of the class, in accordance with accepted medical standards;			
22 23	(vii) create a system to provide class members with documentation of reporting and participation in investigation of staff misconduct, and to streamline and support requests from class members for related relief (e.g. requests for release to less restrictive settings, requests for U-visa certifications); and			
24 25 26	(viii) ensure that all class members have consistent, timely, and confidential access to legal counsel, including providing private meeting spaces for all attorney visits.			
27	This motion is based on the Complaint filed August 16, 2023 (Dkt. 1), the concurrently			
28	filed Motion for Provisional Class Certification, this Notice of Motion and Motion, the			
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Memorandum of Points and Authorities, and the Declarations of C.B. (Dkt 10-1); R.B. (Dkt. 10-			
2); J.L. (Dkt. 10-3); J.M. (Dkt. 10-4); G.M. (Dkt. 10-5); A.S. (Dkt. 10-6); J.D. (Dkt. 10-7); C.F.B.			
(Dkt. 10-8); S.S. (Dkt. 10-9); N.A. (Dkt. 10-10); L.T. (Dkt. 10-11); S.M. (Dkt. 10-12); T.T. (Dkt.			
10-13); A.H.R. (Dkt. 10-14); S.L. (Dkt. 10-15); B.F. (Dkt. 10-16); J.L.H. (Dkt. 10-17); E.A. (Dkt.			
10-18); Y.M. (Dkt. 10-19); B.S. (Dkt. 10-20); M.R. (Dkt. 10-21); J.T. (Dkt. 10-22); C.H. (Dkt. 10-			
23); A.T. (Dkt. 10-24); T.M. (Dkt. 10-25); C.D. (Dkt. 10-26); A.V. (Dkt. 10-27); M.M. (Dkt. 10-			
28); A.S.H. (Dkt. 10-29); C.A.H. (Dkt. 10-30); M.S. (Dkt. 10-31); Z.T.S. (Dkt. 10-32); M.D. (Dkt.			
10-33); C.C. (Dkt. 10-34); K.D. (Dkt. 10-35) A.J.F. (Dkt 10-36); N.S. (Dkt 10-37); S.T. (Dkt 10-			
38); M.V.R. (Dkt 10-39); J.B.(Dkt 10-40) ; L.B. (Dkt 10-41); F.M.C.(Dkt 10-42); A.R. (Dkt. 10-			
43); F.G.A. (Dkt. 10-44); H.G. (Dkt. 10-45); S.Y. (Dkt. 10-46); S.F.V. (Dkt. 10-47) and associated			
documents, filed and served concurrently herewith.			
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1

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

2 I. INTRODUCTION

When a person is sentenced to time in prison they are deprived of certain liberty interests
for a term of years. This deprivation is constitutionally circumscribed, in part, so that when a
criminal defendant pleads or is found guilty, they are aware of what the ensuing punishment will
entail. Categorically, across all state and federal systems, the punishment for a conviction is not,
and cannot be, sexual abuse. But at the Federal Correctional Institute in Dublin, California ("FCI
Dublin"), it is.

9 Those incarcerated at FCI Dublin have been and continue to be subject to a systemic campaign of staff sexual assault, harassment, and retaliation which makes sexual abuse a fact of incarceration at the facility. Dozens of people have been raped or otherwise assaulted by officers and supervisors at FCI Dublin, and hundreds have been sexually harassed, forcibly conscripted as "lookouts", coerced into performing sexual favors, and/or punished if they do not acquiesce. It is hard to overstate how pervasive the sexual misconduct and retaliation at FCI Dublin is, and how well aware officials at every level were and are of this ongoing problem.

16 The past and ongoing harms to those incarcerated at FCI Dublin include physical harm, 17 psychological harm, and damage to their well-being and relationships in every way imaginable. 18 All those incarcerated at the facility remain subject to extremely high risk of substantial injury 19 from sexual assault while they remain at FCI Dublin. But the Constitution does not allow guards 20 and supervisors to sexually abuse people in their care and custody. It does not allow the deliberate 21 indifference of FCI Dublin and Bureau of Prison ("BOP") officials. And it does not allow 22 incarcerated people in FCI Dublin to remain at a substantial risk of serious bodily injury. It is for 23 these reasons that Plaintiffs, as proposed representatives of a putative class of those incarcerated at 24 FCI Dublin, turn to this Court for immediate relief to halt the ongoing constitutional violations at 25 FCI Dublin that have already caused so much harm.

The declarations of those incarcerated and the well-pleaded allegations in the Complaint
(Dkt. 1) demonstrate that Plaintiffs are substantially likely to succeed on their claims that
conditions at FCI Dublin violate the Eighth Amendment. Other factors also counsel in favor of
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preliminary relief here, where FCI Dublin and BOP officials have been deliberately indifferent to
 the substantial likelihood of serious harm; these harms are imminent and ongoing; and preliminary
 relief is not just warranted, but fundamentally necessary to protect those in FCI Dublin.

4	As detailed below, Plaintiffs are highly likely to succeed on the merits of their claims that			
5	the BOP and FCI Dublin, through its officials, are deliberately indifferent to a substantial			
6	likelihood of serious harm, and that their policies and practices violate the Eighth Amendment by			
7	constituting deliberate indifference to a substantial risk of harm. Moreover, Plaintiffs can show			
8	that, absent emergency relief, the substantial risk of sexual abuse and retaliation constitutes an			
9	irreparable harm as Plaintiffs' and other peoples' physical and mental well-being hang in the			
10	balance. Given that Defendants have the almost unfettered ability to control the housing,			
11	practices, personnel and care at FCI Dublin and no legitimate interest in the ongoing sexual assault			
12	of people imprisoned there, the balance of equities tips sharply in favor of Plaintiffs. Finally,			
13	eliminating sexual violence in a carceral setting is inarguably in the public interest, as Congress			
14	identified when it passed the Prison Rape Elimination Act (PREA).			
15	Accordingly, Defendants must be ordered to take immediate measures to protect people			
16	inside FCI Dublin, or to seek the alternatives to confinement if a safe environment cannot be			
17	engineered. On behalf of a class of people currently incarcerated at FCI Dublin and subject to			
18	their ongoing practices, Plaintiffs seek a preliminary injunction requiring Defendants to take the			
19	following immediate actions, and ask that the Court appoint a Special Master with sufficient			
20	resources and power to monitor and ensure Defendants' compliance:			
21	(i) submit to a comprehensive audit, by an outside agency mutually agreed upon by the Parties, of all policies concerning staff sexual abuse, reporting, and			
22	retaliation;			
23	(ii) after such audit, implement changes to policies as recommended by the outside auditor and in consultation with organizational Plaintiff California			
24	outside auditor and in consultation with organizational Plaintiff California Coalition of Women Prisoners (CCWP);			
25				
26	by the Parties, and provide public quarterly reports concerning: staff sexual abuse and retaliation, grievances against facility staff, and use of internal punitive manufactures (including use of solitary confinement, strip secretary coll secretary drug			
27	measures (including use of solitary confinement, strip searches, cell searches, drug tests, and transfers);			
28	(iv) end the use of solitary confinement or punitive segregation at FCI Dublin			
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1 2	until such a time that it can be ensured that such confinement will not be used as part of a practice of retaliation against those who experience and report staff sexual			
	abuse;			
3	(v) develop a substantive process for the return of non-contraband items seized from individuals' cells during searches;			
5	(vi) develop and institute policies and procedures to provide high-quality offsite medical and mental health care for all members of the class, in accordance with accepted medical standards;			
6 7 8	(vii) create a system to provide class members with documentation of reporting and participation in investigation of staff misconduct, and to streamline and support requests from class members for related relief (e.g. requests for release to less			
8	restrictive settings, requests for U-visa certifications); and			
9 10	(viii) ensure that all class members have consistent, timely, and confidential access to legal counsel, including providing private meeting spaces for all attorney visits.			
11	II. STATEMENT OF FACTS			
12	A. BOP Has Allowed Staff to Sexually Abuse People in Their Custody, Despite			
13	Being Aware of Such Abuse for Decades.			
14	Sexual assault and harassment have been ongoing systemic problems in BOP facilities			
15	generally—and at FCI Dublin in particular—for decades. Dkt. 1 ¶¶ 57-62. The modern era at FCI			
16	Dublin has been no different. Dkt. 1. ¶¶ 63-90 (investigations, criminal indictments, convictions,			
17	and plea agreements).			
18	In around 2020, the U.S. Attorney's Office began a criminal investigation that has led to			
19	charges against eight former FCI Dublin officials, including the former warden and chaplain.			
20	Seven officials have now been convicted of, or pleaded guilty to, sexually abusing a total of at			
21	least 20 incarcerated women, and court records indicate that all seven of these men committed			
22	additional, uncharged abuse of other incarcerated women. See, e.g., Dec. H.G. ¶¶ 11-18 (Officer			
23	Chavez repeatedly sexually assaulted her). A significant number of additional correctional			
24	officers have been placed on administrative leave pending further criminal investigations,			
25	including as recently as August 2023. See Decs. A.H.R. ¶ 4; S.L. ¶ 19. One former officer,			
26	Nicholas Ramos, died by suicide while on administrative leave and under investigation. Many			
27	currently and formerly incarcerated women have reported that Ramos subjected them to abuse			
28	including sexual assault, forcing them to strip, and relentless retaliation. See Decs S.F.V. ¶¶ 4-14;			
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1 N.A. ¶¶ 4-8.

2 Notably, former Warden Ray Garcia was convicted of sexually abusing three incarcerated 3 women following a jury trial. See United States v. Garcia, No. 4:21-cr-00429-YGR (N.D. Cal.). Prior to his arrest, Garcia had served as the PREA compliance officer at FCI Dublin, where he was 4 5 responsible for ensuring compliance with PREA policies and training other employees. Warden 6 Garcia's sexual misconduct at FCI Dublin was brazen-in addition to his multiple "girlfriends," 7 he also sexually harassed and abused several other women. See, e.g., Decs. M.M. ¶ 4 (Garcia 8 forced her to strip and dance naked for him); K.D. ¶ 8 (Garcia forced her to strip and dance naked 9 for him) Y.M. ¶ 4 (witnessed Garcia sexually harass and grope three of her friends); S.Y. ¶¶ 24-10 32 (Garcia subjected her to repeated sexual harassment and voyeurism); T.T. ¶ 5 (witnessed Garcia harassment); Dec. J.B. ¶¶ 4-5 (witnessed Garcia sexually abuse her friend over years); L.T. 11 ¶ 10. 12

13 The ongoing investigation has made clear that FCI Dublin staff explicitly target immigrant 14 women for abuse, leveraging the threat of deportation. See, e.g., Decs. S.F.V. ¶¶ 15-17; H.G. ¶ 13; 15 S.Y. ¶ 1; Z.T.S. ¶ 17; E.M.A. ¶¶ 6-7; B.S. ¶¶ 6, 12; A.S.¶ 2. Officers told survivors that they 16 "looked in their files" and knew that they were subject to immigration detainers, or threatened to 17 notify immigration authorities if survivors reported their abuse. See, e.g., Dec. H.G. ¶ 13. For 18 example, Officer Chavez sexually abused multiple Mexican immigrant women- he even proposed 19 to one woman in front of the entire kitchen staff, then traveled to Mexico to visit her after she was 20 deported. Decs. E.M.A.¶ 6-7; B.S. ¶ 6. Defendant Officer Smith also bragged about traveling to 21 Mexico to visit a woman he abused at Dublin who was later deported. Dec. A.S. ¶ 2. At least a dozen women who were sexually assaulted by FCI Dublin staff have been deported, and dozens 22 23 more are currently facing deportation.

FCI Dublin staff continue to sexually abuse people in their custody. *See, e.g.,* Decs R.B.
¶¶ 6, 10; A.R. ¶¶ 5–9. Officers continue to exchange goods or privileges for sexual favors and
threaten people with punishment or hardship if they do not engage in sexual conduct. *See, e.g.,*Decs. G.M. ¶¶ 5–6, 8–10; M.D. ¶ 21; A.S. ¶ 12. Widespread harassment continues. *See, e.g.,*Dec. A.S. ¶¶20–23. Officers continue to subject incarcerated people to retaliation in the form of
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solitary confinement, threats and harassment, and wanton and unwarranted cell searches. *See, e.g.*,
Dec. G.M. ¶¶ 8, 14–16; C.B. ¶¶ 4–7; J.D. ¶¶ 8–11; J.L. ¶ 6. Investigations and accountability are
almost non-existent, and to the extent there ever is an investigation it often comes from agencies
outside Defendants' control. Despite the BOP's awareness of these long-running conditions and
problems, the BOP has failed to act; the same conditions that created the cesspool of sexual abuse
at Dublin persist today.

7

8

B. Individuals Incarcerated at FCI Dublin Continue to Face Sexual Assault and Harassment On An Ongoing Basis.

As recently as August 2023, officers at FCI Dublin have been placed on administrative
leave pending investigation of allegations of sexual misconduct. Dec. A.S. ¶¶ 14, 16, 21; M.R.
¶ 6; A.H.R. ¶ 4; S.L. ¶ 19. Plaintiffs and other putative class members continue to report ongoing
sexual harassment, abuse, and retaliation. *See, e.g.*, Decs. G.M. ¶¶ 15–16, S.L. ¶¶ 4–7, 9–11, 14,
17–18, J.L. ¶¶ 4–9, C.H. ¶ 5; C.B. ¶¶ 4–7; J.D. ¶¶ 8–11; A.S. ¶¶ 20–23; C.D. ¶¶ 4-5; A.V. ¶¶ 4-7;
T.B.M ¶ 5.

Countless other declarants report that they have directly experienced abuse and/or 15 16 witnessed this pervasive culture. See, e.g. Decs. H.G. ¶ 11-19 (Officer Chavez forced her to 17 endure repeated digital penetration through threats of the SHU, immigration consequences, and 18 loss of time credits); F.G.A. ¶ 6-15 (Medical Officer Cohen groped her when she sought medical 19 attention); S.F.V. ¶¶ 4-14 (Officer Ramos groped her, told her his explicit sex dreams about her, 20and discriminated against her based on sexual orientation and noncitizen status); A.S.H. ¶ 4 21 (Officer Nunley groped her and forced her to perform oral sex, Officer Highouse abused and harassed her); S.Y. ¶¶ 7-32 (Officer Bellhouse and Warden Garcia sexually harassed her); E.A. ¶ 5 22 23 (when she refused Officer Ramos' advances, he stated: "Change your attitude, or I will make your 24 life here impossible"); B.F. ¶ 5 (Officer O'Connor groped her, Officer Caston rubbed his erection 25 on her while saying "you've been in prison for a long time, I bet you'd love to be fucked"); N.A. ¶¶ 4-8 (Officer Ramos harassed, kissed, and assaulted her); S.S. ¶¶ 7-8 (Officer Hendrix watched 26 27 her in the shower, Captain Valera walked in on her naked as recently as April 2023); M.V.R. ¶ 11-28 21(Officer Glassier asked her to pay for hair nets with sex, rubbed his penis on her, and pinched Case No. 3:23-cv-04155 [4340102.2] AND MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES IN SUPPORT PLAINTIFFS' NOTICE OF MOTION OF MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION

her breasts; Officer O'Connor watched her in the shower); A.T. ¶¶ 4-5 (Officer Cooper entered the
shower and watched her naked and changing); T.M. ¶ 5 (Officer Cooper watched in shower and
while changing); S.M. ¶ 6 ("I once saw Lt. Putnam enter a room where a young Latina woman
was in a suicide smock where she was naked underneath. She dropped the smock, so she was
naked and put her arms around him to give him a big hug and "fix me, daddy"); J.B. ¶¶ 6-7
(Officer Bellhouse forced women to flash him in exchange for hand sanitizer during the COVID19 pandemic); M.R. ¶ 5; Z.T.S. ¶¶ 4–23; M.D. ¶¶ 5–13; N.S. ¶ 8; B. S. ¶¶ 4-6; C.C. ¶¶ 5-7.

8 Defendant Officer Smith is a paradigmatic example both of the recent harms at the facility 9 and the long-term indifference to staff sexual abuse at FCI Dublin. Defendant Smith-known 10 throughout the prison as "Dirty Dick Smith"-sexually harassed and assaulted countless incarcerated people at FCI Dublin for years. See, e.g., Decs. L.T., ¶¶ 5-7; F.M.C. ¶¶ 5-7; A.S. 11 12 ¶¶ 5-14; Z.T.S. ¶ 23; J.D. ¶¶ 4–5; C.F.B. ¶¶ 7–8; L.B. ¶¶ 5-6; C.A.H. ¶ 4. For example, Smith 13 locked F.MC. in a room and refused to let her out until she flashed him. Dec. F.M.C. ¶ 5. Once, 14 in late 2015, F.M.C. woke to find Defendant Smith in her room, digitally penetrating her. Id. ¶¶ 6-15 7. When Plaintiff G.M. was housed in quarantine in around August 2020, Defendant Smith would 16 regularly watch G.M. and other women shower, and would refuse to give her a towel unless she 17 walked over to him naked. Dec. G.M. ¶ 9. Smith also made incarcerated women perform sexual 18 acts in order to receive basic privileges, such as sending mail out, or to receive food or hygiene 19 products. Id. ¶10. While working the night shift, Defendant Smith would often turn on music and 20 expect women to dance for him, including L.T., in exchange for privileges and time outside of 21 their cells. Dec. L.T. ¶¶ 5-7. On one occasion, in around June 2021, Officer Smith instructed L.T. 22 to undress, and he groped her bare breast. Id. \P 6.

23 Plaintiff A.S. also endured extensive sexual harassment by Defendant Officer Smith, from 24 October 2020 until August 2021, including up to multiple times a week from November 2020 25 through March 2021 when the facility was under COVID lockdown. Dec. A.S ¶ 10. Defendant Officer Smith would frequently ask Plaintiff A.S. to "show him something," and comment on how 26 27 pretty her breasts looked. Id. ¶ 5. In exchange, he would trade her a drink from his office. Id. If 28 she took an extra shower during lockdown, or left her room to get hot water, Defendant Officer Case No. 3:23-cv-04155 [4340102.2] AND MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES IN SUPPORT PLAINTIFFS' NOTICE OF MOTION OF MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION

Smith would demand to view Plaintiff A.S. naked before he would unlock her room and allow her 1 2 to return inside. Id. ¶ 11. Sometimes, Defendant Officer Smith would threaten Plaintiff A.S. with 3 disciplinary actions if she did not show him her body. Id. On two occasions, Defendant Officer Smith called Plaintiff A.S. into his office, once using the intercom, where he asked to see her 4 5 breasts while he masturbated himself over his pants. Id. ¶ 13. At other times, Officer Smith would pull off the shower curtain and watch Plaintiff A.S. and other women shower. Id. ¶¶ 8-9. 6 On one occasion in October 2020, Plaintiff A.S. refused to let Defendant Officer Smith see her 7 8 breasts, and Defendant Officer Smith went into her cell and searched through her possessions in 9 retaliation, stealing some items and leaving the room in disarray. Id. ¶ 12. He told Plaintiff A.S. 10 that if she did not do what he said, another officer would "hit" her room again. Id. "Hit" meant that someone would search her cell without reason and take Plaintiff A.S.'s possessions. Id. 11

12 Plaintiffs L.T., G.M., and A.S. are just three of the *dozens* of people incarcerated at FCI 13 Dublin who have been sexually abused and relentlessly harassed by Defendant Officer Smith. See 14 e.g., Decs. N.S. ¶ 8 (Smith entered N.S.'s cell with his genitals exposed); C.A.H. ¶ 4 (Smith 15 groped and raped her); B.S. ¶ 5 (Smith sexually harassed her cellmate, and her cellmate reported 16 that "Officer Smith touched her between her legs, and told her that he could do anything for her if 17 she slept with him"); J.H.L. ¶ 6 (Smith told her "I'll give you gloves if you dance for me"); Y.M. ¶ 5 (Smith brought in lingerie and bikinis for incarcerated people to wear for him); A.J.F. ¶ 5-6 18 19 (Smith watched her while she was naked and on the toilet); M.R.V. ¶ 15 (Smith told a women to show him her breasts or else receive disciplinary charges); T.T. ¶4; J.D. ¶¶ 4–5; A.J.F. ¶¶ 4–8. 20 21 Countless more witnessed his abuse of others—especially Mexican immigrant women whom he targeted for extended abuse. See, e.g., Decs. N.S. ¶ 6 (Smith particularly targeted "young, petite 22 23 Mexican women and forced them to expose themselves to shower"); J.L.H ¶¶ 5-8 (witnessed 24 Smith sexually harass multiple women, especially Latina women who could not speak English); 25 Z.T.S ¶ 23; C.F.B. ¶¶7–8; T.T. ¶ 4; A.J.F. ¶ 8. In May 2023, Officer Smith was criminally indicted for sexual abuse and is awaiting adjudication. 26 27 Another FCI Dublin official-Defendant Officer Nunley-subjected numerous 28 incarcerated women to sexual abuse for months after Warden Garcia was removed. See, e.g., Dec.

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G.M. ¶ 4. Plaintiff G.M. worked as a telemarketer for Unicor. *Id.* Defendant Officer Nunley 1 2 supervised her in this position. Id. From approximately January 2021 until September 2021, 3 Defendant Officer Nunley relentlessly sexually harassed G.M in the call center. He threw notes at her and told her that he wanted to meet her in the back for sex. Id. ¶ 5. He would tell her that he 4 5 wanted to have sex with her, and that he would write her letters of recommendation and send money to her kids in exchange. Id. ¶ 7. While at her workstation, in view of others, he would 6 7 come up behind her, pull her hair and rub her shoulders. $Id. \P 5$. On one occasion, while showing 8 G.M. pictures of himself at a Raiders game on his computer, Defendant Officer Nunley came up 9 behind her, rubbed his penis against her backside and attempted to kiss her neck. Id. ¶ 6. Plaintiff 10 G.M. reported her abuse to SIS in July 2022, and spoke to the FBI in August 2022. Id. ¶ 14. Plaintiff G.M. was not the only one abused by Defendant Officer Nunley. Indeed, he sexually 11 12 assaulted and harassed numerous other people. See, e.g., Decs. T.T. ¶ 6 (T.T.'s friend was 13 sexually assaulted by Nunley and was sent a letter with his semen on it); C.H. ¶ 5.

14 Other officers were also engaging in sexual misconduct at this time. Beginning in 15 July 2021, Plaintiff J.L's supervisor, Defendant Officer Jones, began to sexually harass her while 16 she was working in the kitchen. Dec. J.L. ¶ 4. At first, he would flirt with her. As time went on, 17 his behavior became assaultive. Id. One day, Jones asked J.L to go into the walk-in fridge to get 18 him something for his meal. Id. Once inside, he grabbed J.L., bent her over, and rubbed his penis 19 against her buttocks over their clothing. Id. A few days later, he forcibly pulled up her shirt, 20 sucked on her right breast, and tried to kiss her. Id. The next day, he took J.L. into the warehouse, where they entered a smaller room with a door. *Id.* \P 5. Both of these locations were places where 21 it was well known there were no security cameras. Id. \P 5. He pulled down her pants, bent her 22 23 over, and vaginally raped her without a condom, banging her head against the wall, then ejaculated 24 on her face and torso. Id. A few days after her rape, Defendant Officer Poole, who also worked in 25 the kitchen with Officer Jones, began calling J.L "Becky the Slave." Id. Plaintiff J.L understood 26 "Becky" to be slang for a person who performs oral intercourse. *Id.*

Plaintiff J.L. is not the only woman at FCI Dublin who Defendant Officer Jones raped—or
 who other officers working in the kitchen at FCI Dublin sexually abused. See e.g., Dec. A.H.R.
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¶ 5; Z.T.S. ¶¶ 5–10; M.D. ¶¶ 23–28; C.B. ¶ 5; C.F.B. ¶¶ 4–5; R.B. ¶¶ 5–8; V.C. ¶¶ 4-5; J.T. ¶¶ 4-9 1 2 (Officer Jones repeatedly tricked her to see pictures of his penis on his smartwatch and asked if 3 she wanted him to "stick it in" and when she said she was only interested in women, he said "You just haven't been with the right man"); M.R.V. ¶¶ 4-9, 13 (Officer O'Connor harassed her, Officer 4 5 Jones retaliated against her when she refused to flirt with him). Several other members of the kitchen staff, including Defendant Officer Poole, Officer Kinlaw, Officer O'Connor, and Officer 6 7 St. Clair remain on administrative leave pending investigation into sexual abuse allegations. See, e.g., Dec C.B. ¶ 7; C.F.B. ¶ 11; C.D ¶ 6. Indeed, combined, these kitchen officers have victimized 8 9 dozens of additional putative class members at FCI Dublin-raping them, gropping them, harassing 10 them, threatening them, and ordering others to assist with their abuse.

K.D., a survivor of Warden Garcia's sexual abuse, was also sexually assaulted by kitchen 11 12 staff in summer 2021. Dec. K.D. ¶ 12. Warden Garcia would instruct K.D. to be undressed for 13 him and touch herself while he came by her room while he walked the rounds of the facility. *Id.* 14 ¶ 8. After K.D. reported Warden Garcia's abuse and he was placed on administrative leave, Officer Chavez began to sexually harass K.D., asking her if she would "play for them" as she did 15 16 with the Warden. Id. ¶ 12. She refused his advances and his behavior became assaultive. On 17 multiple occasions beginning in the summer of 2021 and continuing into the fall, Officer Chavez 18 would follow K.D. into the freezer, and grab her buttocks and breasts through her clothes. *Id.* 19 ¶ 12.

K.D. is just one of the many people who were abused by Officer Chavez. *See, e.g.,* Dec.
H.G. ¶ 11-19 (Chavez repeatedly sexually assaulted her, and threatened to have her deported or
placed in the SHU if she reported); B.S. ¶ 6 (Chavez sexually assaulted her friend in the kitchen
refrigerator); E.A. ¶ 5 (Chavez forced her to act as a lookout while he had sex with her friend;
Chavez also proposed to this friend in front of everyone that worked in the kitchen); Z.T.S. ¶¶ 13–
14; M.R.V. ¶¶ 16-21 (Officer Chavez had a sexual relationship with her friend, and transferred
women who he thought was going to report their relationship).

Beginning in March 2022, nearly a year after the Warden was placed on administrative
 leave, Defendant Officer Gacad began to sexually harass Plaintiff S.L. Dec. S.L. ¶ 4. Defendant

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Officer Gacad dropped her notes in her cell during rounds, telling her that she was beautiful, that 1 2 he was in love with her, and that she was his "future wife." Id. \P 4. He brought her gifts, and 3 using a pseudonym, began sending her electronic messages. After several weeks, their relationship became sexual. Id. ¶¶ 4-5. During a trash run, Defendant Officer Gacad pulled S.L. 4 5 into the yard office, groped her body, and kissed her. Id. ¶ 5. He groped and kissed her on three additional occasions. Id. ¶ 5-7. After SIS staff confronted Gacad with allegations of abuse, he 6 7 quit. In early July 2022, Plaintiff S.L. was shocked to see Defendant Officer Gacad in her parents' 8 home during a video visit. Id. ¶ 9. Defendant Officer Gacad told S.L's parents that he loved her 9 and stayed with them for several weeks. *Id.* He now works with her mother at the same 10 workplace. Id. Plaintiff S.L. is now terrified of being transferred to a facility near home or returning to her home, where her abuser resides. Id. ¶¶ 9, 14. 11

The same is true of Plaintiff A.H.R. Beginning in July 2022, Defendant Officer Vazquez
also began to sexually harass Plaintiff A.H.R.. Dec. A.H.R ¶ 9. From July until November 2022,
Defendant Officer Vazquez would flirt with Plaintiff A.H. R., provide him with contraband,
hugged him three times, and on one occasion, kissed him on the lips. *Id*. Defendant Officer
Vazquez took A.H.R. into staff offices and allowed him to listen to the calls that his girlfriend,
Plaintiff S.L., was exchanging with Defendant Officer Gacad, in an attempt to interfere with his
relationship. *Id*. ¶ 10. Vazquez was recently placed on administrative leave.

19 More recently, on January 5, 2023, A.R. was assaulted at Dublin during a short, yearlong 20 sentence. Dec. A.R. ¶ 2. After being attacked by several other incarcerated people on January 17, 21 2023, A.R. was placed in the SHU. Id. ¶ 4. While in a holding cell, Officer Caston began to 22 sexually harass A.R. He told other officers to look at A.R.'s "big-ass titties." Id. ¶ 5. He refused 23 to provide A.R. with feminine hygiene products, causing A.R. to menstruate through their 24 clothing. Id. ¶ 6. Several days later, Officer Caston told A.R. to step out of the shower, and while 25 walking them back to their cell, he grabbed their breast. Id. ¶ 7. After sexually assaulting A.R., 26 Officer Caston continued to harass them, taunting them to write to SIS, banging on their door at 27 night to deprive them of sleep, slapping handcuffs on their wrist, interfering with their outgoing 28 mail, and denying them pencils. Id. ¶ 9-10. A.R. reported some of Officer Caston's harassment Case No. 3:23-cv-04155 [4340102.2] AND MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES IN SUPPORT PLAINTIFFS' NOTICE OF MOTION

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to SIS at the end of January 2023, but not his physical assault, fearing retaliation. Id. ¶ 11. Caston 1 2 has sexually assaulted other declarants. Dec. B.F. ¶ 5.

3 Defendant Lt. Jones, a female officer, who began working at FCI Dublin in the wake of the sex abuse scandal, was well known for screaming at people incarcerated there, including Plaintiff 4 5 A.S.—blaming them for the staff walk offs and sexual abuse, and threatening collective punishment. Decs. G.M ¶ 16; A.S. ¶ 11, J.H.L ¶ 17; J.D. ¶ 11. When she first came to Dublin, 6 7 she told people incarcerated there that she was retaliating against them for the things that were 8 being said about officers there. She told Plaintiff A.S. and her roommates: "I came here because 9 of everything that's going on, you can go ahead and write me up, it's not gonna go anywhere." 10 Dec. A.S. ¶ 20. Defendant Jones was placed on administrative leave in March 2023 following sexual misconduct allegations. 11

These examples are but a few of the reported incidents. The culture of sexual abuse and 12 13 harassment persists-threatening everyone. Plaintiffs and other putative class members report 14 continuing to endure degrading sexual comments and invasions of privacy on a regular basis. See, e.g., Decs. A.S. ¶ 22; J.H.L. ¶ 17 (reporting that retaliation and invasive strip searches have gotten 15 16 even worse in the last few months); C.H. ¶ 4–5. For example, Plaintiff R.B. has a medical 17 condition following a surgery that requires her to give herself enemas in her cell while naked from 18 below the waist at least once per day. Dec. R.B. ¶ 9. Previously, she was housed alone to protect 19 her privacy, but in November 2022 Case Manager O'Brien and Unit Manager Groover told R.B. 20 that she would be getting a roommate. Id. ¶ 9. Plaintiff R.B. enema process can take up to two 21 hours, but FCI Dublin only requires her roommate to leave for twenty minutes. In addition, staff refuse to allow R.B. to cover her window while she administers the enema. Id. ¶ 9. In 22 23 March 2023, Officer Cortez went so far as to shine a flashlight on Plaintiff R.B. while she was 24 administering an enema in her room, causing her intense humiliation and fear. Id. ¶ 10. As a 25 result of this and previous sexual harassment and retaliation she has faced at FCI Dublin, Plaintiff R.B. has been diagnosed with clinical depression, her hair began to fall out, she lost her ability to 26 27 sleep, and had unexplained weight loss. Id. ¶ 15. /// 28

1 2 C.

Survivors Continue to Face Severe Retaliation for Reporting Abuse, Chilling Further Reporting.

3 Sexual abuse at FCI Dublin continues in part because there is a widespread, entrenched 4 practice of severe retaliation against survivors who report staff misconduct. Many people 5 incarcerated at FCI Dublin are scared to report the abuse they experience out of fear of retaliation. 6 This retaliation is not subtle. Survivors who report sexual abuse are verbally threatened, 7 physically assaulted, sent to solitary confinement, given false disciplinary tickets, have their cells 8 tossed and property destroyed, have their mail (including legal mail) interfered with, strip 9 searched, and transferred to other BOP institutions away from their families—and are even targeted for further sexual abuse. See, e.g., Decs. A.S. ¶ 17-20; G.M. ¶ 15-16,20; A.H.R. ¶ 17; 10 11 S.L. ¶ 18, F.G.A. ¶ 29; S.F.V. ¶¶ 20-34; S.Y. ¶¶ 40-44; M.R. ¶¶ 9-11; B.S. ¶¶ 11-14; E.A. ¶ 8; 12 J.H.L ¶¶ 16-19; A.J.F ¶ 7; M.S. ¶¶ 6, 10, 13; N.A. ¶¶ 8,13, 16-18; C.H. ¶¶ 4, 7–10; Z.T.S. ¶¶ 12– 13 32; M.D. ¶¶ 69–73; C.B. ¶¶ 6–7; J.D. ¶ 8; C.C. ¶ 8, 10; F.M.C. ¶ 11; T.B.M. ¶¶ 6; L.B. ¶8; C.D. ¶¶ 9-10; A.V. ¶¶ 11-13; A.S.H. ¶¶ 5-6; M.M. ¶¶ 7-8; C.A.H. ¶ 8; M.R.V. ¶¶ 4-7, 23-24; J.T.¶¶ 6, 14 15 13-14.

16 For example, Plaintiffs J.M. and G.M. were both placed in the SHU for extended periods 17 as retaliation for reporting their abuse. Decs J.M. ¶¶ 12-13; G.M ¶ 8. In October 2022, soon after 18 making a legal call regarding abuse at FCI Dublin, Plaintiff J.M. was placed in the SHU for over 19 two weeks, and during that period was prevented from calling her lawyer. Dec J.M. ¶ 12-13. 20 After filing a PREA complaint about Officers Nunley and Smith and speaking with an FBI officer, 21 Plaintiff G.M. was placed in the SHU for four and a half months on a false ticket. Dec. G.M ¶ 8. 22 Since her retaliatory SHU placement, Plaintiff G.M's confidential legal mail has been opened, and 23 her room has been repeatedly searched, as recently as March 2023. Id. ¶ 15. See also N.M. ¶¶ 17-18 (detailing repeatedly being placed in the SHU as retaliation for reporting abuse from March to 24 25 May 2023); S.S. ¶¶ 8, 11 (being placed in the SHU in April 2023 and had her time extended in the 26 SHU after she reported sexual harassment and she received repeated disciplinary tickets in 27 retaliation).

28 In addition, beginning in January 2023, Defendants Officer Shirley and Lt. Jones have [4340102.2] 14 Case No. 3:23-cv-04155 PLAINTIEES? NOTICE OF MOTION AND MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES IN SUPPORT

been retaliating against Plaintiff G.M. and other incarcerated people for reporting their sexual 1 abuse. Dec. G.M. ¶ 16; J.D. ¶ 11. Officer Shirley asked Plaintiff G.M. if she was "working for 2 3 them" and going to "report me to the FBI." Dec. G.M. ¶ 16. Lt. Jones has threatened to punish entire units if someone reported an officer. Dec. G.M. ¶ 16; See also B.S. ¶ 12 (witnessing 4 5 Defendant Officer Shirley and Lt. Jones force women to work in the rain without shoes, stating 6 "This is my prison, you'll do what I want"); J.H.L. ¶ 17; M.V.R. ¶ 10 (detailing Lt. Jones 7 screaming at people and conducting searches of people without cause, and specifically in the rain); 8 J.T. ¶ 13 (describing retaliation for reporting from Lt. Jones, detailing that Lt. Jones has entered 9 into the unit and yelled they were "going to learn" if they "wanted to play the write up game.")

10 Survivors and witnesses of abuse also experienced preemptive retaliation from officers who suspected they would report their abuse. For example, Defendant Officer Jones, who abused 11 12 Plaintiff J.L. threatened her with physical violence after she told another incarcerated person of the 13 abuse, telling her "to keep her mouth shut," though she had at the time made no official report. 14 Dec. J.L ¶ 6. Others incarcerated at FCI Dublin similarly experienced anticipatory retaliation, such as physical violence and threats of additional violence; sexual assault; verbal abuse and 15 16 epithets; threats of retaliatory SHU placements; and being fired from a job because an abusive 17 officer suspected a survivor would report him. See e.g., Dec. G.M.; E.S. ¶ 13; N.S. ¶¶ 12-14 18 (officer told her mother that they would hurt N.S. for reporting and stated to N.S. that "If you have 19 a seizure, I'll let you die"); B.S. ¶ 12 (officer stated "You can report me all you want. I'll be here 20 until the day you get out, you'll never get rid of me"); Y.M. ¶ 5 (Defendant Officer Smith told 21 Y.M. if she reported his relationship with her cellmate, her son who was in federal prison "would 22 get hurt"); C.C. ¶¶ 7-8 (Officer Klinger forcing her to work as lookout and stated "better not 23 fucking say anything, you'll get fucked up"); J.T. ¶ 6-7, (Officer Jones yelled that she was 24 worthless and looked like "raw chicken" when she refused his advances, and was later fired from 25 her kitchen job so that she would not report); S.M. ¶ 7; C.H. ¶¶ 4, 7–10; Z.T.S. ¶¶ 12–28; M.D. ¶ 25–28; C.B. ¶ 4–6, 11; A.J.F ¶ 10. Others were placed in the SHU in what they understood to 26 27 be an effort to suppress individual reports of abuse, or a threat of "collective punishment" if they 28 reported officers' abuse. See Decs. N.S. ¶ 17; Z.T.S. ¶¶ 20-22; M.D. ¶¶ 27, 30-31; J.T. ¶ 13. 15 Case No. 3:23-cv-04155 [4340102.2] AND MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES IN SUPPO PLAINTIFFS' NOTICE OF MOTION OF MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION

1 A significant number of survivors who witnessed retaliation against others for reporting their abuse were deterred from reporting their own, fearing they would suffer similar retaliation. 2 3 See, e.g., M.M. ¶ 5; B.S. ¶¶ 11, 13 (saw that people who reported were placed in SHU, had their cells searched, and were consistently yelled at); J.L.H ¶¶ 9, 16 (did not report staff sexual 4 5 harassment because she knew others who were put in solitary, were transferred or were further harassed); B.F. ¶ 7 (did not report her abuse because she witnessed people be thrown in the SHU 6 7 and knew Defendant Lt. Putnam does not keep reports confidential); M.R.V. ¶ 23-24 (did not 8 report harassment because she saw that people were searched and put in the SHU for a year and a 9 half); C.C. ¶ 12; S.T. ¶ 8; V.C. ¶ 14; R.B. ¶¶ 4, 12–13. For example, Plaintiff A.S. knew that 10 officers retaliated against individuals who reported abuse by placing them in the SHU or searching their cells and damaging their belongings; because she knew that reporting to SIS "would lead to 11 12 retaliation," she did not report her abuse. Dec. A.S. ¶ 18. Other survivors, like A.R., fearing 13 retaliation, initially reported only some details of their abuse to SIS because they believed that 14 implicated officers would receive the details and engage in retaliation. A.R. ¶ 11.

15

D. Survivors Have No Way To Confidentially Report Abuse.

16 Even when survivors at FCI Dublin muster the courage to report sexual abuse despite the 17 very real and continuing risk of retaliation, they face immense hurdles to ensuring that their abuse 18 is effectively addressed by BOP. See, e.g., Dec. A.S. ¶¶ 19–20, 23–24; Z.T.S. ¶¶ 28–29; J.D. ¶ 7; 19 C.F.B. ¶ 10; M.S. ¶ 12 (to report abuse, she had to send messages to the DOJ via computer screens 20 that could be seen by staff and other incarcerated people). There is no effective way to 21 confidentially report sexual assault and abuse by staff at FCI Dublin. See, e.g., Dec. A.S. ¶¶ 15, 22 18; Z.T.S. ¶ 25; M.D. ¶¶ 69–71; C.B. ¶ 9; J.D. ¶ 7; C.F.B. ¶ 10. For example, officers failed to 23 explain the process of reporting sexual abuse and harassment when people arrived at FCI Dublin 24 (or at any point thereafter). See Dec. A.S. ¶ 15; C.H. ¶ 6; Z.T.S. ¶ 24; M.D. ¶ 68; C.B. ¶ 8; J.D. 25 ¶ 6; C.F.B. ¶ 9. Officers either refused to take allegations seriously or were friends of those 26 against whom allegations were made. Dec. C.H. ¶ 7 (when discussing sexual misconduct reports, 27 Defendant Lt. Putnam dismissively said, "These are my buds"); J.T. ¶ 11 (she attempted to report 28 sexual harassment from Officer Jones to her work supervisor, but then Officer Jones physically Case No. 3:23-cv-04155 [4340102.2] PLAINTIFFS' NOTICE OF MOTION AND MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES IN SUPPORT OF MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION

1 threatened that person so nothing was done); Z.T.S. ¶¶ 29, 31; M.D. ¶ 29.

2 Staff also often open mail, including legal mail, or make legal calls difficult for survivors 3 wishing to report their abuse or get legal help. See, e.g., Dec. B.S. ¶ 10 (staff do not provide confidential attorney meeting spaces, and when she attempted to make a legal call, her counselor 4 5 told her, "You trying to report me, huh?"); E.A. ¶ 12 (officers monitor all forms of communication, delay legal visits for months, and retaliate against people after attorney visits); 6 7 J.H.L. ¶ 15 (it's difficult to get attorney visits and legal mail is often already opened or not 8 delivered at all); C.A.H. ¶ 8. When incarcerated persons at FCI Dublin report abuse to staff, their 9 experiences are often not kept confidential, and are instead shared among staff and even other 10 incarcerated people. See Decs. A.J.F. ¶ 14; A.H.R ¶ 10.; B.S.¶ 13 (an officer told her that two other incarcerated people reported abuse to SIS, even though those reports should be confidential); 11 12 J.H.L. ¶ 14. For example, after Plaintiff A.H.R. reported Defendant Officer Gacad's ongoing 13 sexual abuse of plaintiff S.L. in 2022, female officers, including Defendants Lt. Jones and Officer 14 Serrano, taunted and embarrassed her, including telling others "don't speak to S.L.," and reading 15 her mail to others. Dec. A.H.R. ¶ 10. Defendant Officer Serrano called S.L. a "bitch," blaming 16 her for Officer Serrano's boyfriend being walked off for allegations of misconduct. Dec. S.L. 17 ¶ 17.

18 Even when incarcerated people attempt to report their abuse, officers tasked with 19 investigating those claims either ignore their reports or tell them to keep quiet. See, e.g., Dec. N.S. 20 ¶ 10 (Defendant Lt. Putnam recognized that N.S. was abused by Defendant Officer Smith but told 21 N.S. that he "should keep quiet, do your time, and don't make problems"); F.G.A. ¶¶ 19-25 (she 22 attempted to report abuse many times, but no one responded to her reports); Y.M. ¶ 7 (she 23 attempted to report her friend's abuse by Defendant Warden Garcia but never receiving a 24 response); E.A. ¶¶ 9, 13 (she reported her harassment by Chavez, but Defendant Lt. Putnam told 25 her not to speak about it with anyone else and no one followed up with her); M.S. ¶ 10-14 (she 26 never received a response after filing her abuse six months prior, and that when she informed her 27 attorney about her abuse, Defendant Lt. Putnam said he read her messages, and interrogated and 28 intimidated her to prevent her from reporting); N.A. ¶¶ 10-12 (the officers she reported to said Case No. 3:23-cv-04155 [4340102.2] AND MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES IN SUPPORT PLAINTIFFS' NOTICE OF MOTION

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things like "out of sight, out of mind" and "don't put me in this predicament with my coworkers"
and that Officer Ramos's behavior was "like when a boy in elementary school pulls you hair
because he likes you"); S.S. ¶¶ 8, 12 (received no response after reporting sexual harassment);
S.M ¶ 5 (reported harassment of one incarcerated person to Officer Lt. Putnam, overheard him tell
her to "just give [the guard] some"); J.T. ¶¶ 11-12, 15 (reported her abuse to multiple officers
including her work supervisors, SIS, and individuals from BOP regional office but nothing was
done); J.H.L. ¶¶ 11-15; A.J.F. ¶ 11; C.H. ¶¶ 4, 7–10; J.D. ¶ 7; C.F.B. ¶ 11; M.R.V. ¶ 25.

8

9

E. Survivors of Sexual Abuse and Retaliation at Dublin Have Experienced and Continue to Experience Grievous Physical, Mental, Dignitary, and Economic Injuries

10 As a result of the BOP's failure to prevent officers' sexual violence, survivors of sexual abuse and retaliation at FCI Dublin suffered grievous harm, with ongoing effects. The injuries 11 12 inflicted upon them by abusive officers include physical pain of rape, mental anguish, extreme 13 emotional distress and resulting physical symptoms, economic damages, dignitary harms, 14 profound social isolation, and undue invasion of privacy. These effects continue and are likely to be exacerbated or recur in the FCI Dublin environment. See e.g. Decs. S.L. ¶¶ 13–14, 18, 20; J.L. 15 16 ¶¶ 11–12; G.M. ¶¶ 18–20.; J.H.L. ¶ 10 (sexual harassment from Defendant Officer Smith 17 exacerbated childhood trauma and caused panic attacks and insomnia); J.B. ¶ 14 (witnessing 18 sexual abuse at FCI Dublin retraumatized past child sexual abuse trauma); M.M. ¶ 9 (sexual abuse 19 exacerbated childhood sexual trauma); C.A.H ¶¶ 4-5 (sexual assault by Smith caused PTSD, 20 depression and mood swings).

21 The Plaintiffs in this case have all suffered serious injuries following sexual abuse and 22 retaliation at FCI Dublin. For example, Plaintiff R.B was recently diagnosed with clinical 23 depression, and stress and anxiety has caused her hair to fall out, her to lose weight, and interfered 24 with her ability to sleep. Dec. R.B. ¶ 20. Plaintiff A.H.R. was forced to quit his job in Food 25 Service to avoid witnessing former Officer Jones' rapes of incarcerated women. Dec. A.H.R. ¶¶ 5-6. Plaintiff S.L. has suffered extreme emotional distress as a result of her abuse and is under 26 27 such chronic stress that it has interfered with her menstrual cycle. Dec. S.L ¶ 20. Plaintiff J.L. 28 was diagnosed with PTSD as a result of her abuse by Officer Jones. Dec. J.L ¶ 11. Case No. 3:23-cv-04155

18 Case No. 3:23-cv-0415 PLAINTIFFS' NOTICE OF MOTION AND MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES IN SUPPORT OF MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION 1 2 F.

Survivors of Sexual Abuse and Witnesses to Abuse Are Denied Access to Mental Health Care and Medical Care to Address Their Mental and Physical Injuries.

After suffering grievous mental and physical injury, survivors continue to be denied basic
mental health and medical care. See e.g. Dec. M.D. ¶¶ 46-53.

5

1. Mental Health Care Is Wholly Inadequate

Survivors of sexual abuse at FCI Dublin suffered and continue to suffer severe emotional
distress resulting from their abuse. For example, many survivors have suffered depression,
suicidality, intense anxiety, panic attacks, post-traumatic stress disorder, and paranoia. *See, e.g.,*Decs. A.J.F. ¶ 15; J.L.H. ¶ 15; V.C. ¶6; C.H. ¶¶ 5, 12; C.F.B. ¶ 12; A.S. ¶ 26; A.T. ¶ 8. Others
have been unable to obtain adequate mental health care, prolonging or worsening their emotional
distress. *See, e.g.,* Decs. J.L.H. ¶ 19; G.M. ¶ 18–19; T.T. ¶ 14; C.B. ¶ 12; J.D. ¶ 13; C.F.B. ¶ 12;
J.B. ¶ 14; M.R.V. ¶ 26.

13 Survivors are not provided with adequate mental health care at FCI Dublin to address the 14 psychological trauma that officers' abuse and retaliation has caused. See, e.g., Decs. J.H.L. ¶ 19 15 (denied treatment for her insomnia and panic attacks); N.A. ¶ 20; S.S. ¶ 13 (involuntarily 16 withdrawn from mood stabilizer medication leading to serious depression and placement on suicide watch) F.G.A. ¶¶ 19–20, 36–37; J.D. ¶ 13; M.M. ¶¶ 11-12 (involuntarily withdrawn from 17 18 necessary psychotropic medication); C.A.H. ¶¶ 5-7 (involuntarily withdrawn from psychotropic 19 medication, has since become suicidal, and engaged in various acts of self-harm, was punished for 20 harming self with disciplinary reports and pepper spray); Y.M. ¶ 9 (friend who was a survivor of 21 sexual assault did not receive any mental health care for months and recently began cutting herself 22 as a result); E.A. ¶ 14 (suffers anxiety and panic attacks yet she never received any mental health 23 treatment is has been denied prescribed medication); C.H. ¶ 12, M.R. ¶ 12.

Though FCI Dublin recently re-established an agreement with an outside agency, Tri Valley Haven, to provide mental health services to survivors of sexual abuse at the facility, these
 services were not available at the facility for over a year. Dec. C.H. ¶ 12; C.B. ¶ 12. Even now,
 there is no direct way for survivors to confidentially contact the outside mental health agency, Tri Valley Haven, to request mental health services. Survivors must first put in a request to FCI
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Dublin staff, who then contact Tri-Valley Haven on their behalf. Dec. C.H. ¶ 12; E.A. ¶ 14 Even
once contacted, very few survivors at FCI Dublin have been able to see a counselor from TriValley Haven in-person or able to speak with them on a confidential line. Dec. B.S. ¶ 14; N.A.
¶ 20. Those lucky few are only permitted five, thirty-minute sessions with unlicensed counselors.
Dec. J.L. ¶ 11. Survivors of abuse at Dublin who BOP subsequently transferred to other facilities
do not have any access to outside specialized support services from Tri-Valley Haven or other
analogous organizations.

8

2. Survivors Lack Access to Adequate Medical Care.

9 Survivors have experienced many physical symptoms of emotional distress, including the 10 loss of a menstrual cycle, partial vision loss, hair loss, weight loss. See, e.g., Decs S.L. ¶ 20; R.B. ¶ 15; G.M. ¶ 20. Some have also experienced direct physical symptoms of their assaults. See, e.g., 11 12 Dec. A.S.H. ¶ 8 (contracting potential STI from Officer Nunley assault, unable to receive 13 necessary treatment). Accessing medical care to address these concerns is next to impossible due 14 to both lack of staff and the fact that medical staff have abused individuals in their care, deterring 15 others from seeking care or going back for additional care. See, e.g., Dec. T.T. ¶ 15; M.R. ¶¶ 11-16 13; S.T. ¶ 11; F.G.A. ¶¶ 28–29; M.D. ¶¶ 46–53; G.M. ¶ 20; A.S.H. ¶8.

17 Many people incarcerated at FCI Dublin have also been denied access to basic medical 18 care after reporting sexual abuse. See, e.g., Dec. M.S. ¶¶ 6, 13 (medical retaliation after reporting 19 sexual harassment by a medical technician including intentionally delaying care). For example, 20 R.B. required an ultrasound of her breast according to a medical doctor, but when the time for her 21 appointment came, there was no doctor at FCI Dublin anymore and they figured out the order was 22 accidentally written for the wrong breast. Dec. R.B. ¶ 16. FCI could not change the order because 23 no doctor was available to change it, so they did the ultrasound on the wrong breast. She is still 24 waiting on the facility to send her out for an ultrasound on the correct breast. Dec. R.B. ¶ 17. 25 Others have also experienced significant lack of treatment or delay in treatment. See, e.g.,

26 Decs. G.M. ¶¶ 19–20; K.D. ¶¶ 15–16; B.S. ¶ 15 (refused anti-seizure medication for weeks); Y.M.

27 9; E.A. ¶ 15 (denied necessary cancer screenings); J.H.L. ¶ 20 (fell down the stairs and injured

28 her ankle, was told "just wait and it will get better"); A.J.F. ¶ 16 (denied care for cyst for two [4340102.2] 20 Case No. 3:23-cv-04155

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years); M.S. ¶¶ 18-19 (refused treatment for skin boils, and COVID test or medication); C.A.H ¶ 9
 (involuntarily taken off epilepsy medication leading to regular violent seizures causing further
 injury); F.G.A. ¶¶ 33–34, 39–45; M.D. ¶¶ 63–66; C.B. ¶12; J.D. ¶ 14; N.A. ¶ 21; T.B.M. ¶ 13;
 L.B. ¶ 15; A.V. ¶ 14; J.T. ¶ 16.

Additionally, medical officers themselves use their status as medical providers to sexually
abuse incarcerated people. As a result, incarcerated people have no trust in the medical
professionals in the facility. Y.M. ¶ 9. For example, Medical Officer Cohen groped F.G.A.'s
breasts when she was dizzy and unable to walk. Dec. F.G.A. ¶¶7-16. When she reported this, she
faced medical retaliation and medical staff identified her as the one who "put a PREA on [Cohen]"
and to "be careful" with her. F.G.A. ¶¶29-45. Medical Officer Cohen abused other declarants, as
well. *See* M.D. ¶¶ 46-53. Other medical professionals commit similar sexual harassment or

12 abuse. See, e.g., Dec M.S. ¶¶4-8 (describing repeated sexual harassment by a medical technician,

13 including her smacking M.S.'s buttocks, forcing her to take her pants off when it was unnecessary

14 for the appointment, and refusing to provide her with a blanket to cover up while she was naked)

15 III. ARGUMENT

Courts should grant preliminary injunctions when: plaintiffs are likely to succeed on the
merits of their claim; plaintiffs will suffer irreparable harm absent the injunction; the balance of
the equities tips in plaintiffs' favor; and an injunction would be in the public interest. *Winter v. Nat. Res. Def. Council, Inc.*, 555 U.S. 7, 20 (2008). Plaintiffs meet each of these requirements.

20

21

A. Plaintiffs are likely to succeed on their Eighth Amendment claims because FCI Dublin's Policies and Practices Demonstrate Deliberate Indifference to the Serious and Demonstrated Risk of Bodily Harm to those Incarcerated there.

22 People in prison establish an Eighth Amendment violation warranting injunctive relief by 23 showing that Defendants' policies and practices concerning sexual abuse and retaliation for 24 reporting such assault—in their totality—constitute deliberate indifference to a substantial risk of 25 suffering serious harm. Specifically, prison staff sexual abuse of incarcerated people constitutes a form of torture that violates the Eighth Amendment. See Bearchild v. Cobban, 947 F.3d 1130, 26 27 1144 (9th Cir. 2020). Such abusive sexual contact also violates federal criminal law. See, e.g., 18 28 U.S.C. §§ 2243, 2244. In systemic cases, such as here, deliberate indifference can be shown by, Case No. 3:23-cv-04155 [4340102.2]

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inter alia, evidence of "systematic or gross deficiencies in staffing, facilities, equipment, or
 procedures." *Hernandez v. County of Monterey*, 305 F.R.D. 132, 152-53, 155 n. 138 (N.D. Cal.
 2015). Importantly, the key question in systemic cases focuses not on individual circumstances
 but rather on whether systemic deficiencies "taken as whole" subject people to a "substantial risk
 of serious harm." *See Brown v. Plata*, 563 U.S. 493, 505 n.3 (2011).

Here, evidence, including numerous assaults, complaints, indictments, and convictions,
establish not only that FCI Dublin's practices concerning sexual abuse pose a substantial risk of
serious harm to the class but also that Defendants' response to that imminent risk—viewed in its
totality and in relation to Defendants' already inadequate policies concerning reporting,
grievances, medical care, mental health care, and attorney access—constitutes objective deliberate
indifference.

First, there is no serious dispute that people within FCI Dublin have been assaulted and harassed at staggering rates. Even setting aside all of the cases that have gone unreported because of the well-known retaliation at the facility and inadequate means of reporting, there are still dozens of grievances, PREA complaints, FTCA claims concerning assault, and other pieces of civil litigation seeking to address the ongoing crisis at FCI Dublin. Dkt. 1 ¶ 6 (listing civil cases).

The declarations of putative class members bear out the same. This is to say nothing of the
numerous investigations, indictments, prosecutions and convictions of the former Warden,
Chaplain, and numerous other officers that have been initiated by the Department of Justice. Eight
former officers have been charged with sexual misconduct for incidents spanning from 2019 into
2021 with more charges likely forthcoming. Dkt 1 ¶ 5 (listing criminal cases).

22 Second, the evidence overwhelmingly shows that—on a systematic scale—Defendants 23 have been objectively and subjectively deliberately indifferent to the safety of those incarcerated 24 at FCI Dublin. That evidence shows that Defendants knew and know of the sexual assaults and 25 harassment in the facility, have failed to promulgate and implement necessary protocols and 26 practices to protect people they know to vulnerable; have allowed—either explicitly or through 27 intentional neglect-retaliation against those who might report abuse, and have systematically 28 underprovided for mental health and medical treatment in the wake of such assaults. See, e.g., Case No. 3:23-cv-04155 [4340102.2]

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1 Decs R.B. 12–16; K.D. ¶¶ 15–16; C.H. ¶¶ 4, 7–10; S.L. ¶¶ 10–11, 13, 17–18; G.M. ¶¶ 19–20; 2 ¶¶ A.S. 18–25; F.G.A. ¶ 17-26; Z.T.S. ¶¶ 25–32; M.D. ¶¶ 69–73; C.A.H. ¶¶ 5, 8-9. As detailed in 3 the description above and the attached declarations of numerous current and former residents of FCI Dublin, the facility's response to learning of the pervasive practices concerning sexual abuse 4 5 have been seriously deficient. High level officers tasked with investigating complaints of abuse 6 either ignore such allegations or participate in retaliation against complainants, and no substantive 7 safeguards have been established to protect against sexual abuse despite the rampant nature of the 8 problem and explicit requests from plaintiffs and advocacy groups. Further, Dublin's response to 9 the past and ongoing practices around sexual abuse contradicts important provisions of PREA 10 which were meant as a guide for facilities to prevent and ameliorate sexual violence in carceral 11 facilities. For example, contrary to PREA Guidelines, Dublin officials sexually assault and harass 12 people incarcerated there, *see, e.g.*, Decs. A.H.R. ¶¶ 5–10; S.L. ¶¶ 4–7; J.L. ¶¶ 4–6; A.S. ¶¶ 4–14, 13 22–23; fail to report such harassment and assault, see, e.g., Dec J.L. ¶¶ 5, 10; M.D. ¶¶ 13–16, 29 14 (detailing that a staff member was transferred after reporting an incident of sexual abuse); J.D. ¶ 7; 28 C.F.R. § 115.61(a); and purposely have people undress in front of them, see Decs. G.M. ¶ 10, 15 16 A.S. ¶¶ 5–6, 8–11, 13; 28 C.F.R. § 115, 77 Fed. Reg. No. 119 (June 20, 2012).

The evidence further establishes that the abuse and the response of Dublin officials are not aberrations or a few bad apples, but rather systemic in nature. Indeed, the attached declarations paint an alarming picture of Dublin's inadequate responses to staff sexual abuse for years, including failures to investigate reports, failures to discipline officers, and widespread retaliation in the form of placement in restrictive housing, unnecessary searches of rooms and destruction of property, and removal of other privileges. *See, e.g.*, Decs. C.H. ¶¶ 4, 7–10; G.M. ¶¶ 8, 14–17; A.S ¶¶ 12, 17–23; F.G.A. ¶ 17-26; Z.T.S. ¶¶ 12–32; M.D. ¶¶ 69-73.

All of these systems establish a consistent and pervasive environment where no person at FCI Dublin can be safe. The harms are further exacerbated by the lack of available mental health or medical care and the lack of confidential reporting mechanisms all of which prevent people from seeking or receiving adequate care for their injuries.

28 Together, these conditions clearly establish violations of the Eighth Amendment surpass [4340102.2] 23 Case No. 3:23-cv-04155 PLAINTIFFS' NOTICE OF MOTION AND MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES IN SUPPORT

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the "likelihood of success on the merits" standard needed for this element of a preliminary
 injunction.

3

B.

1.

- Plaintiffs Satisfy the Remaining Preliminary Injunction Factors
- 4 5

The Proposed Class Will Suffer Irreparable Harm Absent Immediate Relief.

6 Plaintiffs will suffer irreparable harm absent an injunction. The allegations here are that 7 absent Court intervention, Plaintiffs and the putative class they represent will continue to be 8 assaulted and retaliated against and that these will cause further physical and psychological 9 injuries. See Dkt. 1 ¶¶ 93-213. Such harms far outweigh the injuries that courts have found to constitute irreparable harm. See, e.g., D.R. v. Antelope Valley Union High Sch. Dist., 746 F. Supp. 10 2d 1132, 1145–46 (C.D. Cal. 2010) (student suffered irreparable harm by missing minutes of 11 education classes per day because of structural barriers) and the Ninth Circuit recognizes that a 12 13 risk of a more restrictive placement, like solitary confinement, "inflicts cognizable irreparable 14 injury for purposes of a preliminary injunction." See, e.g., M.R. v. Dreyfus, 663 F.3d 1100, 1111 15 (9th Cir. 2011).

16

2. The Balance of Hardships Tips Decidedly in Plaintiffs' Favor.

The balance of equities favors Plaintiffs. Courts "must balance the competing claims of 17 18 injury and must consider the effect on each party of the granting or withholding of the requested 19 relief." Winter v. Natural Resources Def. Council, Inc., 555 U.S. 7, 24 (2008) (quoting Amoco Prod. Co. v. Gambell, 480 U.S. 531, 542 (1987)). The Ninth Circuit has held that the interest in 20 21 protecting individuals from physical harm outweighs monetary costs to government entities. See 22 Harris v. Bd. of Supervisors, L.A. Cntv., 366 F.3d 754, 766 (9th Cir. 2004). Plaintiffs' interests in 23 preventing sexual assault, its attendant harms, and retaliation is essentially an interest in prevention of physical injury and the preservation of their bodily autonomy. In sharp contrast to 24 25 Plaintiffs' hardships, Defendants will merely be required to devise plans, submit reports, and change some internal policies and procedures. These are all well within their legal and financial 26 27 capabilities and, although important, should present no significant burden on Defendants. 28 Moreover, requiring Defendants to change their practices may result in reducing future costs as it Case No. 3:23-cv-04155 [4340102.2] AND MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES IN SUPPORT PLAINTIFFS' NOTICE OF MOTION OF MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION

1 may guard against future litigation stemming from individual cases of sexual assault and injury.

2

3.

A Preliminary Injunction is in the Public Interest

3 "[I]t is always in the public interest to prevent the violation of a party's constitutional 4 rights." Melendres v. Arpaio, 695 F.3d 990, 1002 (9th Cir. 2012). The dangerous conditions 5 described above violate the constitutional rights of Plaintiffs and the class. Protecting people from sexual abuse is inarguably in the public interest. Immediately implementing measures to protect 6 7 the class from further abuse and ensuring that they are free from retaliation inures to the public benefit in two ways. First, as outlined in PREA, there is an inherent public benefit in stopping 8 9 sexual assault and increasing the safety of all people. See generally 28 C.F.R. § 115, 77 Fed. Reg. No. 119 (June 20, 2012). Second, eliminating sexual assault will reduce the significant cost the 10 11 public bears in providing medical and mental health treatment for survivors both inside and 12 outside facilities. These costs continue beyond the walls of FCI Dublin when people are 13 transferred or released.

14

CONCLUSION

For these reasons, Plaintiffs respectfully request that the Court grant the requested
preliminary injunction to abate the imminent harm of Defendants current sexual assault and
retaliation regime.

18			
19	DATED: August 17, 2023	Respectfully submitted,	
20		RIGHTS BEHIND BARS CALIFORNIA COLLABO	
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